## MODIFICATION OF WEIERSTRASS'S INEQUALITY

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The following Weierstrass's inequality is well-known:

$$\prod_{i=1}^{n} (1+a_i) \ge 1 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i,\tag{1}$$

where  $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$  are positive real numbers (see, e.g., [1]).

Let for each positive real number a: [a] denotes its integer part and let  $\{a\} = a - [a]$ . We shall modify Weierstrass's inequality to the form (for the same numbers):

$$\prod_{i=1}^{n} (1+a_i) \ge \prod_{i=1}^{n} (1+[a_i]) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \{a_i\}.$$
 (2)

The proof is trivial, e.g., by induction. Really, for n = 1, i.e., for only one positive real number  $a_1$ , (2) it obvious. If we assume that it is valid for some n real numbers  $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$ , then by induction:

$$\prod_{i=1}^{n+1} (1+a_i) \ge \left(\prod_{i=1}^{n} (1+a_i) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \{a_i\}\right) \left(1 + [a_{n+1}] + \{a_{n+1}\}\right)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^{n+1} (1+[a_i]) + \left(1 + [a_{n+1}]\right) \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} \{a_i\} + \{a_{n+1}\} \cdot \left(\prod_{i=1}^{n} (1+[a_i]) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \{a_i\}\right)$$

$$\ge \prod_{i=1}^{n+1} (1+[a_i]) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \{a_i\} + \{a_{n+1}\} \ge \prod_{i=1}^{n+1} (1+[a_i]) + \sum_{i=1}^{n+1} \{a_i\}.$$

Now, we shall note that

$$\prod_{i=1}^{n} (1 + [a_i]) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \{a_i\} - 1 - \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i = \prod_{i=1}^{n} (1 + [a_i]) - 1 - \sum_{i=1}^{n} [a_i] \ge 0,$$

because (1) for  $[a_1], [a_2], ..., [a_n]$ . Therefore, (2) is more powerful than (1).

## REFERENCE:

[1] Eames, W. The Elementary Theory of Numbers, Polynomials, and Rational Functions. Oldbourne, London, 1967.